黄疸自費照光說明書

Jaundice Self-Pay Phototherapy Explanation

黄疸的發生是由於新生兒膽紅素代謝功能尚未成熟,使得血液中膽紅素無法清 除,而存留在血液中所引起;其皮膚及鞏膜(眼白處)呈現黃色,就是所謂的「新 生兒黃疸」。新生兒黃疸出生後2-3天開始出現,4-5天時達最高峰,7-10天逐漸恢 復正常,是正常新生兒最常見問題,足月兒發生率約40~60%,早產兒為80%,也稱 為「生理性黃疸」。治療黃疸,醫院通常使用照光治療:以藍光照射皮膚,可增加膽 紅素代謝減輕黃疸。 Jaundice occurs due to newborn baby's bilirubin metabolism systems is immature, It makes the bilirubin in blood cannot be eliminated, and kept in the blood that lead to it. Skin and sclera (white of the eye) showing yellow color, It is what called "newborn jaundice". Newborn jaundice begin to appear 2-3 days after birth, 4-5 days will reach its peak, 7-10 days will gradually return to normal, This all is the most common problem of a normal newborn baby, Full term infant has about 40 to 60% probability to have it, Premature infant has about 80% probability to have it, also known as "physiological jaundice". The hospital usually use phototherapy as jaundice treatment: By using blue light irradiate skin can increase bilirubin metabolism systems that will reduce jaundice.

目前寶寶有輕微黃疸,但黃疸數值尚不符合健保照光治療給付規範,本院提供 自費照光可降低寶寶黃疸數值,若您願意讓寶寶自費照光,費用為 465 元/日,包含 照光費、眼罩、照光後的黃疸值追蹤檢驗。Nowadays baby has a slight jaundice, pay for it, Hospital here provides self-pay phototherapy that can reduce the level of baby jaundice, If you are willing to let the baby have self-pay phototherapy, Its cost is 465 NTD/day, including phototherapy fee, goggles, follow - up examination of jaundice after irradiation.

參考資料 Reference information

衛生福利部國民健康署(2019,5月)·認識膽道閉鎖·取自 http://www.hpa.gov.tw/Home/Index.aspx

若您想對以上的內容進一步了解,請洽諮詢電話:05-2756000轉

If you need further information about matters above, Please call telephone:05-2756000 ext.

兒科加護病房分機 4505、4506

Pediatric intensive care unit ext. no 4505, 4506

新生兒中重度病房分機 4507、4508

Newborn baby middle level and severe level ward ext. no 4507, 4508

嬰兒室分機 4501、4502

Infant room ext. no 4501, 4502

加天主教中華聖母修女會醫療財團法人天主教聖馬爾定醫院關心您 ST.Martin De Porres Hospital concern about you

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